Asthma Focused Follow-Up Visit For Defining Difficult To Control Asthma With SDM For Biologic Therapy

Current tobacco smoke exposure (please circle):



Patient Section

Communicate that a choice exists and invite your patient to be involved in decisions.

The following should be completed by the primary care physician, primary care nurse or MA. These questions are intended to serve as a guide during your conversation with your patient. Upon completion, this form should be filed in the patient's medical record. This form should NOT be completed by the patient.

Patient Name:			Date:	Age:	ACT tes	st score:	
Why are you here today?							
Current Asthma Sy	mptoms	Cu	ırrent Other Syr	nptoms			
□ Cough □ Wheeze □ Chest tightness □ Short of breath □ Difficulty exercising □ Difficulty breathing at night			□ Rash □ Congestion □ Sore throat □ Ear pain □ Heartburn □ Diarrhea □ Constipation		☐ Fatigue☐ Depression☐ Headache	☐ Painful urination ☐ Fatigue ☐ Depression	
Known allergies:							
Allergy testing:							
Who tested:							
Do you see a pulmonolo	_				Date last seen:		
Do you see an allergist?	ΥN	Doctor name: _			Date last seen:	:	
Asthma Medicine T	reatment Plar	(Check Medic	ations):	Allergy	Medicines (Check N	Medications):	
Quick-relief medicine	long-acting me	dicine:	Other asthma medications:	Pills:	Nasal sprays:	Eye drops:	
☐ Albuterol ☐ Proventil ☐ Pro-Air ☐ PRO-AIR Respi-click ☐ Ventolin ☐ Xopenex ☐ Other:	□ Advair □ Duelera □ □	☐ Prednisone ☐ Pulmicort ☐ Qvar ☐ Singulair ☐ Symbicort ☐ Xolair ☐ Zyflo ☐ Other	□ Atrovent □ Serevent □ Spiriva □ Theophylline	☐ Allegra☐ Claritin☐ Xyzal☐ Zyrtec☐ Other:		□ Naphcon □ Bepreve □ Opcon □ Opticrom □ Pataday □ Patanol □ Vasocon □ Other:	
Other medications:			New medic	ations since	e last visit:		
Do you use a spacer dev	ice with your inh	aler(s)? Y N					
If you use more than one	e inhaler at a tim	e, which do you	use first and why?				
Do you use a nebulizer?	ΥN	Date n	nedication cup & to	ubing chan	ged:		
Do you use a peak flow	meter? Y N	What	is your "personal b	est?"			
What Triggers Wors Drugs Dust Emotion/stress/laugh	Y N Y N ter Y N	☐ Exercise ☐ Foods: ☐ Heartburn	(GERD)	Y N Y N Y N	□ Respiratory infection□ Tobacco smoke□ Weather changes	Y N Y N Y N	
☐ Environmental allerge ☐ Environmental irritan					□ Stress/emotional□ Others:	Y N Y N	

Parents

Spouse

Other

None

Asthma Visits In The Past	12 Months Du	ring This Off	ice Visit Wo	uld You I	like To Disc	cuss Any Of The	Following:
Bursts of Oral Steroids Scheduled office visits: Unscheduled office visits: Emergency room: Hospital: TOTAL Date of last ER visit: Date of last hospitalization/		Asthma goals Different treat Different types Side effects of Cost of medici Inhaler technic Simoking cessa	s of medicines medicines ines que	S SS	☐ Depress☐ Environ☐ Use of a☐ Use of a☐	mental controls fo	
Primary Care Provide	r Section						
This section is for the primar guide to help improve the or						step is intended t	o serve as a
Patient Name:		Date:		Age		ACT test sco	re:
Comorbid Disorders/Pmh	x						
☐ Diabetes ☐ Eczema ☐	GERD Obestiy Oral allergy syndrome Otitis	☐ Pregnance ☐ Depressio ☐ Rashes ☐ Rhinitis		☐ Second ☐ Sinusit ☐ Sleep a ☐ Tobacd	apnea	ke Urticaria Other:	
Current or previous allergen	immunotherapy:				Da	ites:	
Exam							
Height: Weight: Temp: BP: HR: RR: Pulse Ox: Fev1/FVC ratio:	Response BD FeNO:		HEENT: Resp: PF: CV: Skin:				
Assessment:							
Controlled? Yes Parti Class (determined at initial a	•	tent Mild	persistent	Modera	ate persister	nt Severe persi	stent
Asthma Medications To B	e Prescribed						
Bronchodilator as needed: Bronchodilator daily (short/l Leukotriene inhibitor: Inhaled steroid for exacerba Inhaled steroid daily: Oral steroid:	ong acting):		Inhaled nas Antihistami Other:	al steroid: ne:			
Risk Factors For Adverse (Outcomes	LE	Patient Educ	ation			
 ☐ Uncontrolled asthma ☐ Severe asthma ☐ Hospitalization in past two years ☐ ER visit in past year 	□ Non-adherence □ Positive depressio □ Intubation within 10 years □ None	n screen c	Asthma ac Asthma go Device trai pacer) Inhaler tec	tion plan oals ning (PFM	/Neb/	Medications Smoking cessation Trigger control Other: inutes spent in e	

Reasons for Non-adherence:

Has there been Shared Decision Making	Υ	Ν	Cost	Υ	Ν
Doesn't seem to help	Υ	Ν	Taste	Υ	Ν
Really don't think it is needed	Υ	Ν	Side effects	Υ	Ν
Worried about SAE	Υ	Ν			

Plan:

	Updated	asthma	action	plan
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- ☐ SHARED DECISION MAKING
- ☐ Teach Back Inhaler technique

Follow-up:

Asthma Control	Asthma Control Definition	Suggested Next Visit			
Well controlled	ACT score ≥ 20, no hospitalizations, ER/UC visits, uncontrolled comorbidities; > 50% adherence to controller medication	6 months			
Difficult to Control	ACT score \leq 19, or > 1 unscheduled asthma related care in past year, or adherence to controller $<$ 50%	1-2 months			
Asthma difficult to control on two successful visits → consider specialty referral					
Risk factors for adverse outcome and difficult to control asthma → strongly consider specialty referral					

Patient is at an Increased Risk for Asthma

Female (post-puberty)	Obesity	Family history of asthma	Allergic Sensitivity (esp. CR, HDM)
Allergic manifestations (Rhinitis, AD)	African-American Hispanic / Latino Native American	IgE level	Urban
ETS	Low Vit. D	Early exposure to Acetaminophen	Maternal anxiety (in utero-early childhood)
Genes			

Patient has an Increased Risk or Association with Severe Asthma

Female	Late onset	Long duration of asthma	Allergy (highly sensitized, high IgE, AD child)
Obesity	Black	ETS	Sinopulmonary infections
Decreased Vit. D	Persistant elevation of eNO	Decreased SOD	Non Th2/Th1 phenotype
Innate immune activation	Eosinophilic plus neutrophilic inflammation	Increased lamina reticularis	Increased smooth muscle mass
Air trapping — Atopy — Neutophilic inflammation — Duration of disease	Hx of pneumonia	Genes	

Patient at Increased Risk for Exacerbations

Severity (esp FEV1)	Lack of Control	Recent exacerbation (esp Severe)	Allergy (Alt)
Non-Adherence	Depression	ETS	Elevated FeNO.2-3X normal
Eosinophil count >300			